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Date : 19th May 2006

FACTORS CAUSING THE POOR PERFORMANCE OF CONSTRUCTION PROJECT

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A project report submitted in partial fulfillment of the requirements for the award of the degree of Master of Science (Construction Management)

Faculty of Civil Engineering Universiti Technologi Malaysia

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I declare that this project report entitled "Factors Causing The Poor Performance Of

Construction Project" is the result of my own research except as cited in the

references. The report has not been accepted for any degree and is not concurrently

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Date : 19th May 2006

Dedicated to my beloved parents, for their everlasting support and encouragement to complete the course of studies.

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ABSTRACT

The identification of factors causes the poor performance in construction projects are crucial in order to improve the construction project performance. Many construction projects experienced poor performance namely extensive delays and thereby exceed initial time and cost estimates. Factors addressing project characteristics, project team players role, project resources, project procurement and external environment that caused overall project delayed are identified as preventions to the project team players from making the same mistake made by the previous delayed project. The objective of this study includes identifying the factors that caused the poor performance of the construction project; to identify the severity of these factors and lastly to identify improvement factors in order to minimise the poor performance of the construction project. Comprehensive literature review have been done to gather the information on the factors that causes the poor performance of construction project from the previous researchers, followed with structure questionnaire distribution as a main tool to gain data to identify the severity of these factors. Results shows that there were forty four (44) causes factors identified where these factors were divided into eight (8) main categories that is project characteristics, client / developer related factors, contractor related factors, labour and material related factors, consultant related factors, contractual related factors, project procurement related factors and external environment related factors. From the analysis the top three factors that have the highest rank were project team leaders relationship with others, followed by communication system among project participants and the third was motivating skills of project team leader. The study also give recommendations that can be used by the project participants in order to reduce the poor performance of the construction projects in the local construction industry.

ABSTRAK

Penentuan faktor yang menyebabkan kelemahan prestasi pembinaan adalah sangat penting di dalam meningkatkan prestasi projek. Banyak projek pembinaan telah mengalami kelemahan prestasi terutamanya kelewatan serius dan menyebabkan pemanjangan masa dan pertambahan kos yang ditetapkan. Faktor berkaitan karaketrisitk projek, peranan pihak-pihak yang terlibat dalam projek, sumber projek, prokumen projek dan persekitaran luaran yang telah menyebabkan keseluruhan projek menyebabkan keseluruhan projek mengalami kelewatn telah dikenalpasti sebagai langkah untuk mengelakkan pihak-pihak yang terlibat dalam projek membuat kesilapan yang sama sebagaimana yang dilakukan dalam projek yang telah mengalami kelewatan. Objektif kajian ini merangkumi pengenalpastian faktor yang menyebabkan prestasi projek pembinaan; pengenalpastian tahap kritikal setiap factor; dan pengenalpastian faktor yang boleh mengurangkan kelemahan prestasi projek pembinaan. Kajian literatur secara komprehensif telah dilakukan untuk mengumpul maklumat mengenai faktor-faktor yang menyebabkan kelemahan prestasi projek pembinaan melalui kajian sebelum ini. Seterusnya, kajian soal selidik telah dilakukan untuk mengumpul data bagi mengenalpasti tahap kritikal setiap factor. Keputusan kajian menunjukkan terdapat 44 faktor penyebab dikenalpasti dimana faktor-faktor ini dibahagikan kepada 8 kategori utama iaitu karakterisitk projek, faktor berkaitan klien / pemaju, factor berkaitan kontraktor, faktor berkaitan konsultan, faktor berkaitan buruh dan bahan binaan, faktor berkaitan hubungan kontrak, faktor berkaitan prokumen projek dan faktor berkaitan persekitaran luaran. Dari analysis, 3 faktor teratas yang mempunyai tahap kritikal tertinggi adalah berkaitan hubungan ketua projek dengan semua pihak yang terlibat, diikuti dengan system komunikasi diantara pihak-pihak yang berkaitan dengan projek dan yang ketiga adalah skil motivasi oleh ketua projek. Kajian ini juga memberi cadangan yang boleh digunakan oleh pihak-pihak yang terlibat dalam projek untuk mengurangkan kelemahan prestasi pihak-pihak yang terlibat dalam projek untuk mengurangkan kelemahan prestasi didalam industri pembinaan tempatan.

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CHAPTER 1

INTRODUCTION

1.1 Introduction

The development in the construction industry is increasing in size, technological complexity, interdependencies and variations in demand from the client. The scope of construction industry is very wide, includes residential construction, building construction of commercial and facility building, heavy engineering construction refer to infrastructure construction and industrial construction that need specialist expertise, that contributes substantially to the economic growth of century. The life cycle of a construction project includes the basic phases of needs of project, conceptual planning and feasibility study, design and engineering, procurement and construction, handing over, operation and maintenance and disposal of facility.

It is widely accepted that a project is successful when it is finished on time, within budget, in accordance with specifications and to stakeholders' satisfaction. Unfortunately, due to many reasons, high project performance and project success are not commonplace in the construction industry, especially in developing countries. Therefore, professionals and scholars have been motivated to take extensive efforts to meet this challenge. As a result, several studies have been undertaken on factors affecting delays, cost overrun, quality, safety, productivity and problems in specific types of projects.

A research done by Stephen M. Rowlinson (1998) specified that project participants, project procedures, human aspects and environment my affect project performance. These factors may be contributed from different parties who involved in construction project, and each of them will play their individual roles in succeeding a project. The team of construction project normally forms by client, design professionals which consist of architect, civil and structural engineer, and etc, construction professionals which formed by main contractors and sub-contractors, supplier, surveyor and etc.

1.2 Problem Statement

Successful construction industry plays an important role of the country development. For the past few years, the construction industries have developed in size, complexity and high demand by client, causing construction project becoming more difficult for the project objective of time, cost and quality to be achieved. The level of success in carrying out construction and development will depend heavily on clarity of project objectives, detailed specifications of plant and a good schedule, client consultation and involvement, and effective monitoring and controlling of the project. Although there are guidelines for monitoring and controlling of construction project success, nonetheless there are construction companies facing problem in completing the project according to project goals.

Client, contractor and consultant are parties that involve in a project development. Client initiated a project development, project consultant provided professional services of designing, surveying, testing and consultation, and construction professional will build and materialize the project. A good relationship and interaction among all parties in the construction industry is crucial, in order to achieve successful project performance in any construction industry.

During the past three decades records show that delays and cost overruns are common in the construction projects. Morris et al. (1989) evaluated the records of more than 4,000 projects between 1959 and 1986 and concluded that the success rate of projects is generally poor. He further emphasized that there are very few records showing underruns. Delays have occurred in most types of projects, from simple building projects to the most complex projects. Generally, delays may be caused by: client, contractors, acts of God or a third party.

This study will emphasize on poor performance in term of extensive delay. Delay in construction could be define as the time overrun either beyond the completion date specified in a contract, or beyond the date that the parties agreed upon for delivery of a project. It is a project slipping over its planned schedule and is considered as common problem in construction projects. To the owner, delay means loss of revenue through lack of production facilities and rent-able space or a dependence on present facilities. In some cases, to the contractor, delay means higher overhead costs because of longer work period, higher material costs through inflation, and due to labour cost increase.

An unsuccessful construction project can be caused by improper closeout procedures. All contract work was not satisfactorily completed, outstanding claims were resolved, change orders were not fully negotiated and processed, extension of time reports were not approved, operations and maintenance manuals were not approve, as-built drawings not completed, and all other contract goals are not achieved. Therefore, this research can be guidance for developers/clients, consultants and contractors to avoid from bringing the construction project to a failure.

1.3 The Importance of Study

The construction industry is dynamic in nature due to the increasing uncertainties in technology, budgets, and development processes. Nowadays, project are becoming much more complex and difficult. The project team is facing unprecedented changes. The important of this study is considered to be a means to determined the factors that cause poor performance of construction project and improve the effectiveness of project. However the concept of project success has remained ambiguously defined in the mind of the construction professionals.

The identification of factors causes the poor performance of construction project enables appropriate allocation of limited resources. The average index method of analysis is adopted to determine the severity of each causes factor.

Some researches have been conducted to identify critical success factors affecting the success of a construction project, however these factors are not sufficient enough to be used as reference for poor construction project performance.

1.4 Aims Of Study

This study aims to provide information to the factors that cause poor performance of construction project in local construction industry. Form the factors identified, each factor will be ranked and severity of each factors could be determined. Project team players can use these factors as awareness of their action in order to achieve the project success. Recommendation also given in this study to help project team players on minimising the poor performance of construction project.

1.5 Objective Of The Study

- (i) To identify the factors that contributes to the poor performance of construction project.
- (ii) To determine the severity of these factors.
- (iii) To identify improvement on minimising poor performance of construction project.

1.6 Scope Of Study

- (i) The study covers poor construction project performance in term of extensive delayed in Selangor.
- (ii) The data collection will refers to construction team players namely consultants, main contractors and client/developers who experienced in construction project.
- (iii) Type of project involved including buildings in commercial and residential, and infrastructure work such as highways, bridges and etc.